RECLAMATION

Managing Water in the West

RiverWare and the 2008 Truckee Canal Breach

RiverWare User Group Meeting
August 13th, 2008

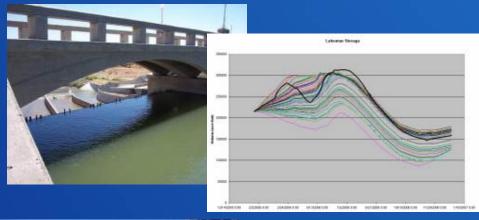
Jeff Rieker and Shane Coors - Lahontan Basin Area Office



U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation

RIVERWARE IN THE LBAO

2006 – High water!



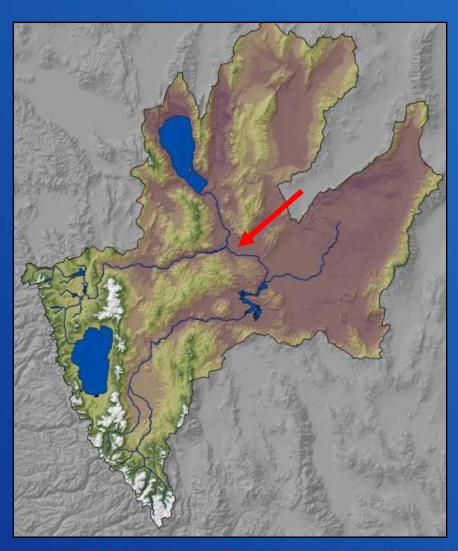
• 2007 – No water!



2008 – Breach/flood... and no water!

Truckee Canal

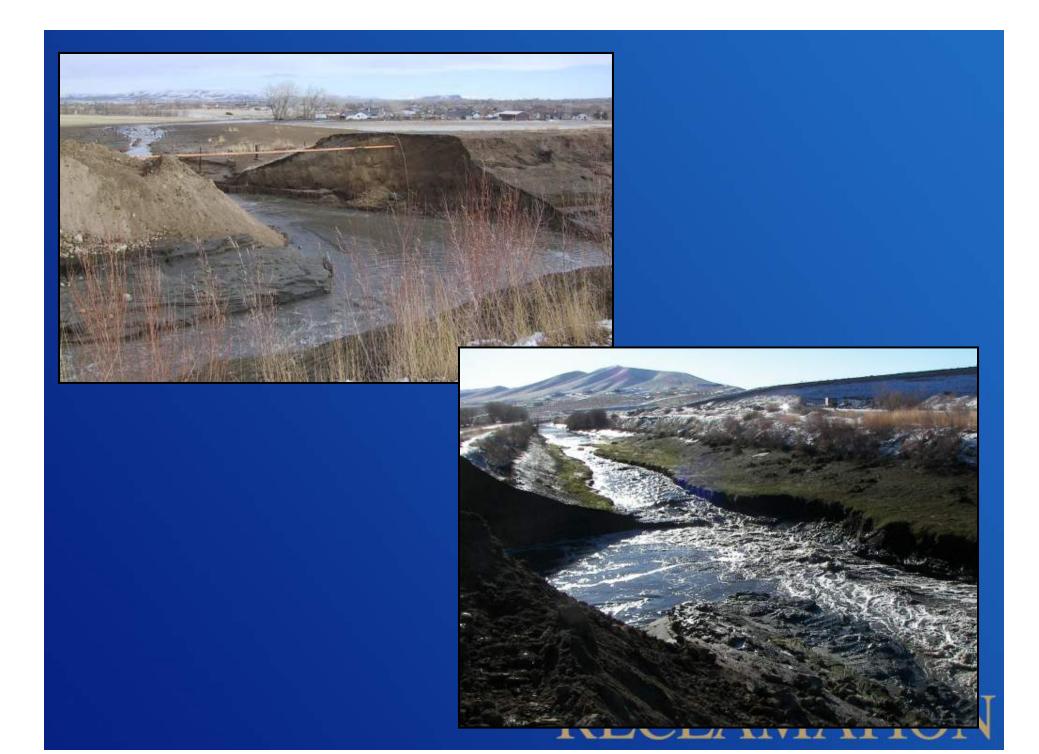
- Owned By Reclamation
- Operated and Maintained By the Truckee-Carson Irrigation District
- Constructed in 1902 (first Reclamation Project)
- Diverts water from the Truckee River to the Carson Basin to serve Newlands Project water rights
- Average annual releases from Lahontan Reservoir to Newlands Project – 270 kaf
- Average April-July volume from Carson River – 178 kaf
- Truckee River Water is used to supplement Carson River in order to meet Newlands Project Water rights



JAN 5, 2008 – CANAL BREACH

- Jan 4/5 Intense rain/snow storm caused flow spike on Truckee River
- ~4:15 AM Breach into city of Fernley, NV







RECOVERY

- Construction
 - Began within 2 weeks
 - Complete Feb. 18, 2008



- Investigation
 - Cause
 - Conditions for safe resumption of flow



The Role of RiverWare

- Quantify for senior Reclamation management the consequences associated with hypothetical dates for reopen and reopen capacity
- Provide information to Truckee-Carson Irrigation District water managers as to shortage likelihoods and magnitudes
- Provide the most complete and accurate water-supply information possible for communication with the public, media, and congressional staff

Task Breakdown

QUESTIONS TO BE ADDRESSED

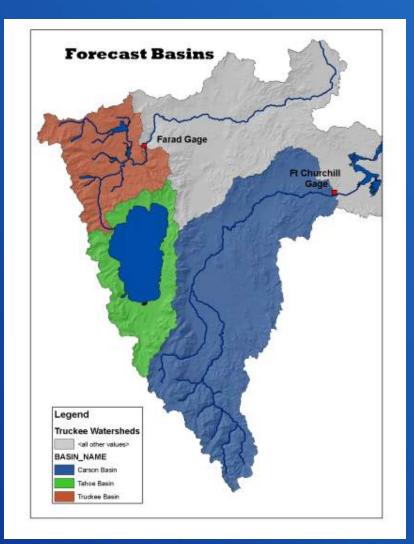
- Will the Newlands Project experience shortage in 2008?
- If so, what will the volume of the shortage be?
- How much water will be in Lahontan Reservoir going into 2009?

MOST SIGNIFICANT VARIABLES

- Two Controllable Variables in the analysis
 - When will the Canal be reopened
 - What will its capacity be
- One random (uncontrolled) variable in the analysis water supply

Water Supply Forecast

- Water supply to Newlands
 Project starts with the hydrologic forecast for the region
- NRCS forecasts April-July volume yield of 3 basins
 - Tahoe Basin
 - Truckee Basin
 - Carson Basin
- Forecasts are given as normal distributions
- The whole distribution needs to be considered
- The three distributions are nonindependent

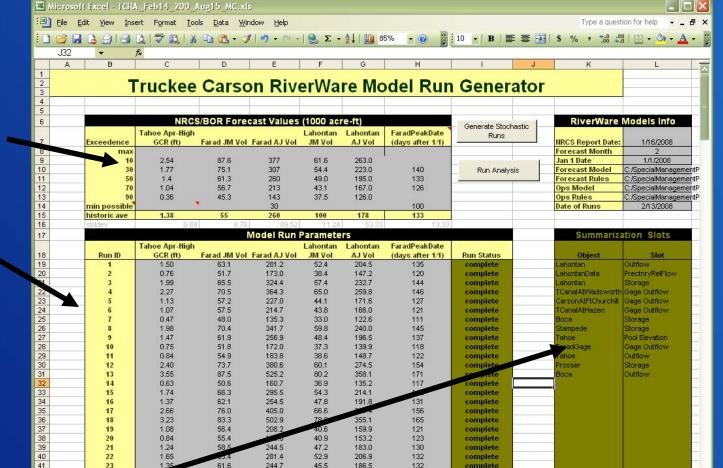


Analysis Procedure

- List potential opening dates at 30-45 day intervals from current day to end of the year (March 15, May 1, June 15...Closed All Year)
- List potential capacity limits (150cfs, 250cfs, 350cfs, 500cfs)
- For each combination of the above two variables sample the entirety of all three forecast distributions using a Monte Carlo scheme and run through the RiverWare Forecast and then Operations Models
- Analyze RiverWare output for each scenario collectively to answer the three questions in terms of probabilities
- Summarize results

Excel / RiverWare Multiple Run Tool

237.2



224 4

127

NRCS forecast values

Run Parameters – Stochastically generated forecast values

Each row has all forecast parameters needed for a RW modle run

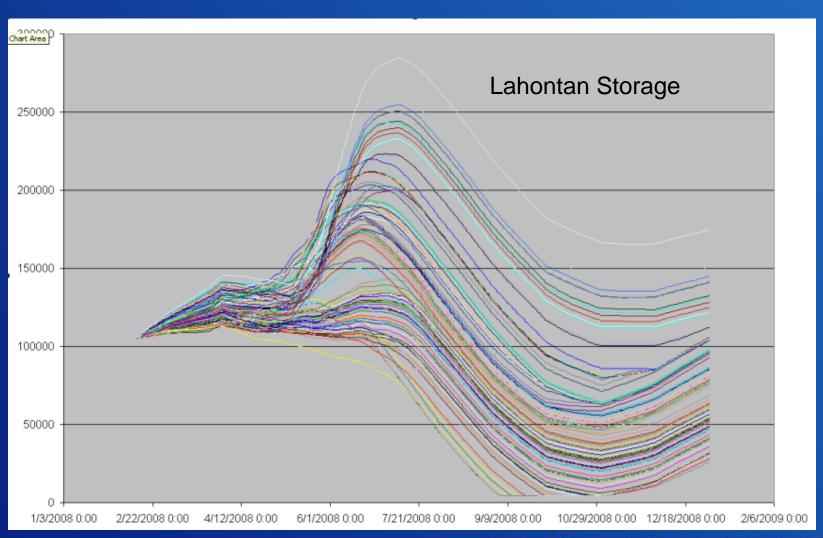
RiverWare Slots to be output after each run

RECLAMATION

complete

LahontanDataPrectnryRelFlow / LahontanOutflow \ forecastInput / \ \

Scenario Output from RiverWare



Water Supply Report

- Tremendous amount of output from the RiverWare runs
- Water Supply Report went out weekly to largely non-technical recipients
- Had to strike a balance so that the final report was both succinct and accurate

Likelihood of Shortage for Carson Division									
Canal	April 1st	May 15 th	July 1st	Aug. 15th	Oct. 1st	Nov. 15 th	Closed all		
Capacity							Year		
200 cfs	13%	19%	26%	30%	38%				
350 cfs	7%	12%				45%			
500 cfs	6%	10%	22%	26%	34%				

Maximum Shortage (Reasonably) Possible (shortage resulting from driest possible forecast)

Canal	April 1st	May 15 th	July 1st	Aug. 15 th	Oct. 1st	Nov. 15 th	Closed all
Capacity							Year
200 cfs	17,000 af	24,000 af	35,000 af	40,000 af	45,000 af		
350 cfs	6,000 af					54,0	00 <mark>af</mark>
500 cfs	0 af	20,000 af	34,000 af	39,000 af	44,000 af		

Most Probable Carryover Storage – Lahontan Resrvoir (12/31/08)

Canal	April 1st	May 15 th	July 1st	Aug. 15 th	Oct. 1st	Nov. 15 th	Closed all
Canai	April	way 15	July 1	Aug. 15	Oct. 1	NOV. 15	Closed all
Capacity							Year
200 cfs	83,000 af	75,000 af	66,000 af	62,000 af	55,000 af	40,000 af	
350 cfs	At or near target						24,000 af
500 cfs	(110,000 <u>af</u>)		83,000 <u>af</u>	80,000 <u>af</u>	72,000 <u>af</u>	51,000 <u>af</u>	

Conclusions

- Drier Feb. 20th forecast makes shortage more likely. If the Canal is not reopened during CY 2008, there is a 45% chance that the Carson Division will experience shortage.
- Little benefit is realized by increasing the Canal capacity from 350cfs to 500cfs. For
 most of the year availability of Truckee River water will limit the Canal flows
 irrespective of any imposed limits above 350 cfs.
- If the Canal can be open by May 15th with a capacity limitation of at least 350 cfs, chances are less than 1 in 8 for shortage to the Carson Division, and if expected runoff is realized, Lahontan Reservoir will be near its 2009 carryover storage target.



MARCH 20, 2008 – FLOW RESTORED



OUTCOMES

- Most likely cause
 - Piping failure due to rodent burrowing
- Safe flow limitation
 - 350 cfs
- Water supply
 - Will incur ~15% 30% shortage this water year



Effective Decision Support by RiverWare

- "The Water Supply Report generated by the LBAO RiverWare modeling system was essential to our ability to forecast the economic impacts under a variety of hydrologic scenarios. Since the water year became increasingly dry as we were making and implementing the decision to restore flows under a staged, conditional regime, this data was of particular importance...the reports helped us understand the consequences of our decisions and provided a major incentive to meet to the fullest extent possible the schedule for staged reopening."

- Betsy Rieke, LBAO Area Manager

Future Development

- Take concept of the existing tool and using rule driven MRM and DMI execution, do the same processs entirely within RiverWare
- Devise a sampling scheme that can take any number of input uncertainty distributions and use RiverWare to effectively propagate distributions to selected output locations.
- If available, this would be used extensively in administration of TROA
- Outlook for 2009: potential for widespread drought and shortage
 - Tahoe will near the natural rim this fall
 - Canal remains at a limited capacity
 - Lahontan Reservoir will be at dead pool by fall

RIVERWARE

- Many challenges
 - Typical surprises from Sierra Nevada snowpack
 - Forecasts:
 - February 109% avg Carson River snowpack; 110% avg runoff
 - March 109% avg Carson River snowpack; 110% avg runoff
 - April 84% avg Carson River snowpack; 70% avg runoff
 - May 61% avg Carson River snowpack; 42% avg runoff
 - Final runoff 35% avg
- Model is only as good as input data
 - Good thing we're using Monte Carlo & probabilities!

THE END

